

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Canceled)
2. (Currently amended) A method for promoting neuronal cell dendritic growth, comprising contacting a neuron with a composition, the composition comprising a component selected from:
 - (i) a monoclonal antibody to a gp130 protein, (ii) phosphatidylinositol-specific phospholipase C (PI-PLC), (iii) a (2-p-bromocinnamylaminoethyl)-5-isoquinolinesulfonamide, (iv) an enantiomer of dibutyryl cAMP, or (v) an enantiomer of cAMP; which component reduces inhibition of growth-promoting effects of endogenous morphogens *in vitro*; thereby promoting neuronal cell dendritic growth.
- 3 - 4. (Canceled)
5. (Currently amended) The method of any one of claims 2, 39, 40, and 41, wherein said morphogen activity dendritic growth is caused by an endogenous morphogen.
6. (Currently amended) The method of any one of claims 2, 39, 40, and 41, wherein said morphogen activity dendritic growth is the result of an exogenously provided morphogen.
7. (Currently amended) The method of any one of claims 2, 39, 40, and 41, wherein said composition further comprises a morphogen.
8. (Previously Presented) The method of any one of claims 2, 39, 40, and 41, wherein said neuron is injured by Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, Huntington's disease, senile dementia, alcohol-induced dementia, or stroke.
- 9 -15. (Canceled)

16. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 7, wherein said morphogen comprises an amino acid sequence selected from a sequence:
 - (a) having at least 70% homology with the C-terminal seven-cysteine skeleton of human OP-1 (Osteogenic Protein 1), residues 330-431 of SEQ ID NO: 2;
 - (b) having greater than 60% amino acid sequence identity with said C-terminal seven-cysteine skeleton of human OP-1;
 - (c) defined by Generic Sequence 7, SEQ ID NO: 4;
 - (d) defined by Generic Sequence 8, SEQ ID NO: 5;
 - (e) defined by Generic Sequence 9, SEQ ID NO: 6;
 - (f) defined by Generic Sequence 10, SEQ ID NO: 7; or
 - (g) defined by OPX, SEQ ID NO: 3.
17. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 7, wherein said morphogen is human OP-1 (Osteogenic Protein 1), mouse OP-1, human OP-2 (Osteogenic Protein 2), mouse OP-2, 60A, GDF-1 (Growth/Differentiation Factor-1), BMP2A (Bone Morphogenesis Protein 2A), BMP2B (Bone Morphogenesis Protein 2B), DPP (Decapentaplegic), Vgl, Vgr-1 (Vgl-related sequence), BMP3 (Bone Morphogenesis Protein 3), BMP5 (Bone Morphogenesis Protein 5), or BMP6 (Bone Morphogenesis Protein 6).
18. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 7, wherein said morphogen is OP-1 (Osteogenic Protein 1).
- 19-34. **(Canceled)**
35. **(Currently amended)** The method of any one of claims 2, 39, and 40, wherein said morphogen activity dendritic growth is caused by activity of OP-1 (Osteogenic Protein 1).
36. **(Canceled)**
37. **(Previously presented)** The method of any one of claims 2, 39, 40, and 41, wherein said neuron is a sympathetic neuron.

38. **(Cancelled)**
39. **(Currently amended)** A method for reducing inhibition of α -morphogen activity to induce dendritic outgrowth in a neuron *in vitro* comprising contacting the neuron with a composition, the composition comprising a pair of components selected from:
- (i) a gp130 protein and a monoclonal antibody to a gp130 protein, (ii) ciliary neurotrophic factor and phosphatidylinositol-specific phospholipase C (PI-PLC), (iii) a cyclic AMP agonist and a (2-p-bromocinnamylaminoethyl)-5-isoquinolinesulfonamide, (iv) a cyclic AMP agonist and an enantiomer of dibutyryl cAMP, or (v) a cyclic AMP agonist and an enantiomer of cAMP; which component reduces inhibition of the morphogen activity in a neuron *in vitro*; thereby increasing the morphogen activity, resulting to induce dendritic outgrowth in the neuron's dendritic outgrowth *in vitro*.
40. **(Currently amended)** A method of reducing dendritic retraction of a neuron *in vitro* in the presence of a morphogen and (i) a gp130 protein or (ii) ciliary neurotrophic factor, comprising contacting the neuron with a composition comprising a component selected from the group consisting of (i) a monoclonal antibody to a gp130 protein and (ii) phosphatidylinositol-specific phospholipase C (PI-PLC), which component overcomes inhibition of morphogen activity to induce dendritic outgrowth by, respectively (i) a gp130 protein or (ii) ciliary neurotrophic factor *in vitro*, thereby reducing dendritic retraction.
41. **(Currently amended)** A method of reducing inhibition of OP-1 (Osteogenic Protein 1) stimulated dendritic growth *in vitro* in the presence of OP-1 and (i) a gp130 protein or (ii) ciliary neurotrophic factor, comprising contacting a neuron with a composition comprising a component selected from the group consisting of respectively (i) a monoclonal antibody to a gp130 protein and (ii) phosphatidylinositol-specific phospholipase C (PI-PLC), which component overcomes inhibition of a morphogen activity *in vitro* by, respectively (i) a gp130 protein or (ii) ciliary neurotrophic factor, thereby reducing the inhibition of OP-1 stimulated dendritic growth.